



الصف: 6 / -

اسم الطالبة: _____

GRADE SIX THE 2ND TERM REVISION

مراجعة شاملة للصف السادس

الفصل الدراسي الثاني

2012 - 2013

E.L.T. Staff Head:
Azza Othman



الفترة الدراسية الثالثة

Test Papers

صفحات الاختبار لهذه الفترة الدراسية

Student Book كتاب الطالب	Workbook كتاب التدريبات
2 → 15	2 → 15

القواعد والوظائف اللغوية الخاصة بهذه الفترة الدراسية

Grammar	Language Functions
<ul style="list-style-type: none">-use to / used to- past tense- s' and 's- the simple present and continuous (R)- present perfect with yet and already- revision of past simple- revision of punctuation: full stops, capitals, apostrophes in contradiction- modals "will, won't, could, might"- used for doing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">- talking about the past- describing pictures- giving opinions- clarifying information- recounting experiences and events- asking for and giving information- describing holidays- predicting- showing concern for others and the planet

Important Instructions

Dear Student:

This revision is designed specifically to train you to deal with the exam items but it doesn't mean that the exam will be quoted from these papers.

The composition topic should be unseen and it's not allowed to ask your teacher to specify some topics before the exam.

It's forbidden for teachers to read the whole exam but illustrate what is wanted only.

During the exam, don't ask your teacher to translate a previously taught word.

In this period, the oral activities will be 10 marks and the written exam will be 30 marks.

تعليمات هامة

عزيزتي الطالبة:

هذه المراجعة صممت خصيصاً لتدريبك على طريقة الاختبار و لكن ليس من الضرورة أن يأتي منها الاختبار.

يجب أن يكون موضوع التعبير غير مرئي ويُمنع مطالبة المعلمة بتحديد بعض الموضوعات قبل الاختبار.

أثناء الاختبار، يُمنع على المعلمة قراءة كل فقرات الاختبار ولكن تقوم بتوضيح المطلوب من السؤال فقط

لا تطلبي من معلمتك أثناء الاختبار ترجمة كلمة باللغة الإنجليزية سبق أن درستوها

في هذه الفترة سيكون مجموع الأعمال الشفهية 10 درجة وسيكون مجموع الاختبار 30 درجة

IRREGULAR VERBS

قائمة بتصريف معظم الأفعال الغير قياسية

arise	ينشأ - ينهض	arose	arisen
awake	يستيقظ - يوقظ	awoke	awoken
be (am/is/are)	يكون	was / were	been
bear	تلد - يحمل	bore	born
beat	يضرب - يهزم	beat	beaten - beat
become	يصبح	became	become
begin	يبدأ	began	begun
bend	يلوي - ينحني	bent	bent
bind	يربط - يقيد	bound	bound
bite	يعض	bit	bitten
bleed	ينزف	bled	bled
blow	تهب	blew	blown
break	يكسر	broke	broken
breed	يربي	bred	bred
bring	يُحضر	brought	brought
build	يبنى	built	built
burn	يحرق - يحترق	burnt	burnt
burst	ينفجر	burst	burst
buy	يشترى	bought	bought
catch	يمسك - يصطاد	caught	caught
choose	يختار	chose	chosen
come	يأتي	came	come
cost	يكلف	cost	cost
creep	يزحف	crept	crept
cut	يقطع	cut	cut
deal	يتعامل	dealt	dealt
dig	يحفر	dug	dug
do	يفعل - يؤدي	did	done
draw	يرسم	drew	drawn
dream	يحلم	dreamt	dreamt
drink	يشرب	drank	drunk
drive	يقود	drove	driven
eat	يأكل	ate	eaten
fall	يقع - يسقط	fell	fallen
feed	يُطعم	fed	fed
feel	يشعر	felt	felt
fight	يحارب	fought	fought
find	يعثر على - يكتشف	found	found
flee	يهرب	fled	fled
fly	يطير	flew	flown
forget	ينسى	forgot	forgotten
forgive	يسامح - يعفو	forgave	forgiven
freeze	يتجمد	froze	frozen

get	يُحصل على	got	got
give	يعطي	gave	given
go	يذهب	went	gone
grind	يطحن	ground	ground
grow	ينمو- يزرع	grew	grown
hang	يعلق	hung	hung
have	يملك – يتناول	had	had
hear	يسمع	heard	heard
hide	يُخفي – يختبأ	hid	hidden
hit	يصدم – يضرب	hit	hit
hold	يمسك	held	held
hurt	يؤذي	hurt	hurt
keep	يحفظ	kept	kept
kneel	يركع	knelt	knelt
know	يعرف	knew	known
lay	تبييض – يضع	laid	laid
lead	يقود	led	led
leap	يقفز	leapt	leapt
learn	يتعلم	learnt	learnt
leave	يغادر	left	left
lend	يُقرض	lent	lent
let	يدع – يسمح	let	let
lie	يرقد	lay	lain
lie	يكذب	lied	lied
light	يشعل	lit	lit
lose	يفقد – يضل	lost	lost
make	يصنع	made	made
mean	يعني – يقصد	meant	meant
meet	يقابل	met	met
mistake	يخطئ	mistook	mistaken
overcome	يتغلب على – يقهر	overcame	overcome
pay	يدفع	paid	paid
put	يضع	put	put
read	يقرأ	read	read
ride	يركب	rode	ridden
ring	يرن	rang	rung
rise	يشرق – يرتفع – ينهض	rose	risen
run	يجري – يركض	ran	run
say	يقول	said	said
see	يرى	saw	seen
seek	يبحث	sought	sought
sell	يبيع	sold	sold
send	يُرسل	sent	sent
sew	يخيط	sewed	sewed – sewn
shake	يرتعش – يهتز	shook	shaken
shed	يذرف (الدمع)	shed	shed

shine	يشرق – يلمع	shone	shone
shoot	يطلق النار	shot	shot
show	يعرض	showed	shown
shrink	يتقلص	shrank	shrunk
shut	يغلق	shut	shut
sing	يعني	sang	sung
sink	يغرق	sank	sunk
sit	يجلس	sat	sat
sleep	ينام	slept	slept
smell	يشم	smelt	smelt
sow	ينثر – يبذر	sowed	sown
speak	يتحدث	spoke	spoken
spell	يتهجى	spelt	spelt
spend	يقضي	spent	spent
spill	يسكب	spilt	spilt
spin	يغزل	spun	spun
spit	يبصق	spat	spat
stand	يقف	stood	stood
steal	يسرق	stole	stolen
stick	يلصق	stuck	stuck
sting	يلسع – يلدغ	stung	stung
strike	يضرب – يهاجم	struck	struck
swear	يُقسم – يحلف	swore	sworn
sweep	يكنس	swept	swept
swell	يتورم – ينتفخ	swelled	swelled - swollen
swim	يسبح	swam	swum
swing	يتأرجح	swung	swung
take	يأخذ	took	taken
teach	يُدرس – يُعلم	taught	taught
tear	يمزق	tore	torn
tell	يُخبر	told	told
think	يفكر – يعتقد	thought	thought
understand	يفهم – يستوعب	understood	understood
wake	يستيقظ – يوقظ	woke	woken
wear	يرتدي	wore	worn
weave	ينسج	wove	woven
weep	يبكي	wept	wept
win	يفوز – يكسب	won	won
wind	يلتوي	wound	wound
withdraw	ينسحب	withdrew	withdrawn
write	يكتب	wrote	written

Language Functions

عزيزتي الطالبة يمكنك استخدام الوظائف اللغوية التالية في سؤال المواقف اللغوية وربما في كتابة التعبير ووقتما تحتاجين

Suggestion اقترح	Agreement موافقة	Disagreement مرفض
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I suggest ▪ Let's ▪ We can ▪ We might ▪ Why don't we ...? ▪ Why not ▪ How about ▪ What about 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I agree with you. ▪ That's right. ▪ That's OK. ▪ That's a good idea. ▪ OK. Why not? ▪ Of course. ▪ Agreed. ▪ All right. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I disagree. ▪ That's wrong. ▪ Of course not. ▪ Impossible. ▪ I'm afraid not. ▪ That's not true. ▪ I can't agree. ▪ Nonsense.

Opinion ابد رأي	Guessing تخمين	Request طلب
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I think ▪ In my opinion ... ▪ As I see it ▪ I suppose ▪ I believe ▪ Let's say ▪ As for me ▪ If you ask me ... 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I think ▪ I guess ▪ Maybe it is ▪ Perhaps it's ▪ I'm not sure ▪ It can be ▪ It might be ▪ Probably it's ... 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Can you ▪ Could you ▪ Will you ▪ Would you ▪ Would you mind... ? ▪ Please ▪ If you don't mind ▪ I wonder if you can

Apology اعتذار	Advice نصيحة	Warning تحذير
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I'm very sorry. ▪ I apologize for ▪ Sorry for ▪ I didn't mean to ▪ Forgive me, please. ▪ Excuse me for ▪ Pardon me. ▪ What can I say? 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I advise you to ▪ My advice is to ▪ If I were you, I ▪ You should ▪ It is better to ▪ You'd better ▪ Always ▪ Be sensible. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Be careful. ▪ Never ▪ Don't or else ... ▪ Watch out! ▪ Look out! ▪ I'm warning you. ▪ It is dangerous. ▪ Mind your steps.

Preference تفضيل	Approval استحسان	Blame لوم
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I prefer ... to ▪ I prefer ... more than ... ▪ I'd rather ... than ... ▪ I like ... more than ... ▪ I'd like ▪ I'd rather have ▪ I feel like ▪ I'd choose to 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ What a lovely ...! ▪ That's very nice. ▪ Wonderful. ▪ I accept that. ▪ Well done! ▪ Good work. ▪ It's fantastic. ▪ Yes. That's it. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ I blame you for it. ▪ That's no excuse. ▪ What have you done? ▪ It's your fault. ▪ You are to blame. ▪ How could you? ▪ I'll never forgive you. ▪ You should be sorry.

New Vocabulary

Unit 7

background	خلفية	husband	زوج
foreground	مقدمة	model	نموذج
furniture	أثاث	rough	هانج
huge	ضخم	used to	اعتاد أن

Unit 8

already	بالفعل	million	مليون
fantastic	رائع	postcard	بطاقة بريدية
fortnight	أسبوعان	yet	إلى الآن
helipad	مهبط طائرة عمودية		

Unit 9

bacteria	بكتريا	light bulb	مصباح كهربائي
chemicals	مواد كيميائية	North Pole	القطب الشمالي
drought	جفاف	plastic	بلاستيك
energy	طاقة	South Pole	القطب الجنوبي
flood	فيضان	worried	منزعج
fortunately	لحسن الحظ		

PAPER ONE

I. VOCABULARY

A. From a, b, c and d choose the right answer:

- The lifeStraw is made of -----.
a- wood b- glass c- plastic d- furniture
- Some ----- are useful, but others are harmful. They are very small.
a- chemicals b- energy c- postcard d- bacteria
- Breakfast gives us ----- all the day long.
a- light b- flood c- energy d- fortnight
- Thomas Edison invented the -----.
a- light bulb b- radio c- television d- South Pole
- We can you see icebergs in the -----.
a- drought b- helipad c- husband d- North Pole

B. Fill in the spaces with the right word from the list:

(background – rough – huge – husband – models - used to)

- This ----- building is my school.
- We can't go sailing today. The sea is -----.
- I like making paper -----.
- I ----- sleep in a cot when I was a baby.
- What's wrong in the ----- of that picture?

B. Fill in the spaces with the right word from the list:

(helipad – million – postcard – yet – fortnight)

- About three million Muslims ----- visit Makka every year.
- My friend sent me a lovely ----- in my birthday.
- I'm going to stay in Oman for a -----.
- I haven't visited Lebanon -----.

B. Fill in the spaces with the right word from the list:

(bacteria – flood – fortunately – light bulbs – worried)

- The life straw stops ----- from getting into your mouth.
- My friend has a bad accident yesterday. -----, he wasn't hurt.
- We should switch off the ----- when we're away.
- Salwa is so ----- because she didn't do her homework.

C. Match the following words under -A- with their definitions under -B-:

-A-

-B-

- already () a baby bed
- background () a lot of water that covers an area that was dry before
- bacteria () very good, great
- fantastic () very small living things which can make people ill
- flood () the area at the back of a picture, behind the main things in it
() used to show that something has happened before now

C. Match the following words under –A- with their definitions under –B-:

- | -A- | | -B- |
|-----------------|-----|---|
| 24. foreground | () | two weeks |
| 25. fortnight | () | the area at the front of a picture |
| 26. fortunately | () | things you put in a room for living, e.g. bed, chairs, etc. |
| 27. furniture | () | used to show that something good has happened |
| 28. helipad | () | a low place |
| | () | a flat area where a helicopter can land |

C. Match the following words under –A- with their definitions under –B-:

- | -A- | | -B- |
|----------------|-----|---|
| 29. huge | () | did in the past, but not anymore |
| 30. million | () | a small copy of something, like a building |
| 31. model | () | the place on the Earth that is farthest north |
| 32. north pole | () | one thousand thousand – a huge number |
| 33. used to | () | very, very big |
| | () | something made or used in chemistry |

II. GRAMMAR

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

34. The life straw is used for ----- water.
a- clean b- cleaned c- cleaning d- cleans
35. I have ----- visited Syria.
a- yet b- ago c- never d- already
36. I sleep ----- 8 o'clock every day.
a- in b- at c- for d- of

B. Do as shown between brackets:

37. I used to drink milk when I was a baby. (Make **negative**)

38. We (use to) ----- sleep in a karouka when we were babies. (**Correct** the verb)
39. Mona (not finish) ----- her homework yet. (**Correct** the verb)
40. We have already arrived at the airport. (Make **negative**)

41. Aisha is going to stay for a month in Japan. (**Ask** a question)

42. King Fahd causeway (open) ----- in 1986. (**Correct** the verb)

III. LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

A. Match the utterances in –A- with their reactions in –B-:

- | -A- | | -B- |
|--------------------------------------|-----|----------------------|
| 43. Ayoub Hussein is a great artist. | () | It's a good idea. |
| 44. I like painting pictures. | () | You are right. |
| 45. Let's visit Kuwait Museum. | () | It's a lovely hobby. |
| | () | Never mind. |

A. Match the utterances in –A- with their reactions in –B-:

- | -A- | -B- |
|---|------------------------------|
| 46. Have you ever been to Syria? | () Thank you. |
| 47. I like scuba diving. | () No, not yet. |
| 48. I'd like to visit King Fahd Causeway. | () It's very dangerous. |
| 49. This postcard is for you. | () Me too. |
| | () It's for tennis. |

A. Match the utterances in –A- with their reactions in –B-:

- | -A- | -B- |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|
| 50. The light bulb is great. | () Oh, dear. |
| 51. We should switch off the lights. | () Here you are. |
| 52. May I use your computer? | () That's right. |
| 53. Ali had an accident. | () That saves energy. |
| | () What is it about? |

B. Complete these mini dialogues:

54. A: What do you think of my painting?
B:
55. A: I used to play football when I was young.
B:
56. A: What's the weather like today?
B:
57. A: I like to eat Kuwaiti food.
B:
58. A: What about visiting the museum?
B:

IV. SET BOOK

Answer these questions:

59. Where did babies use to sleep in the past?
.....
60. What is a manazz made of?
.....
61. What is a karouka made of?
.....
62. How can we get healthy water?
.....
63. How did people clean water in the past?
.....
64. What is a lifeStraw used for?
.....
65. Why is the light bulb a great invention?
.....
66. What is a life straw made of?
.....

I. COMPOSITION

Describe the following picture:



The following guide words may help you .

(wonderful garden – boy – happy - sit – ground -two birds – big tree– sing– grass – house -

The garden

I. COMPOSITION

Describe the following picture:



The following guide words may help you .

(winter – cold – raining – woman – umbrella – two children – paper boats – clouds – sky- big trees)

The winter

II. READING COMPREHENSION

***Read the following passage then answer the questions below:**

Once, a dog stole* a big bone with much meat on **it** from the butcher's shop. It ran away to a field to enjoy his meal. It came to a bridge* that crossed a river. While the dog was over the bridge, it looked down at the water. It saw its picture on the water. It thought it was another dog with another bone, so it barked to *frighten* the dog. When it opened its mouth, the bone fell into the water. The dog became very sad.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

19. The best title for the passage is:
a- The dog and the bone
b- The mirror
c- A delicious meal
d- The bridge
20. The pronoun "**it**" in line 1 refers to:
a- the dog
b- the bridge
c- the bone
d- the mouth
21. The word *frighten* in line 3 means:
a- make someone feel fear
b- make someone feel happy
c- make someone feel sad
d- make someone feel sorry

B. Mark (✓) next to the right sentence and (X) next to the wrong one:

22. The dog ate the bone. ()
23. The dog carried the bone in its mouth. ()

C. Answer the following questions:

24. What did the dog steal?

25. Where did it want to eat the bone?

GLOSSARY

*steal, stole= to take something that belongs to someone else

*bridge= a structure built over a river, road etc that allows people or vehicles to cross from one side to the other

II. READING COMPREHENSION

***Read the following passage then answer the questions below:**

Sara's Grandpa lives in Canada. The weather is snowy there. It snows all winter. People can go skiing* in the mountains. When the roads are icy, driving is not safe. People have to drive very carefully. Sara's Grandpa was caught in a snowstorm. He had to stop the car and stay in **it** and wait for help. He put on his hat and *gloves* and drank hot coffee. In the end a big truck came and got the snow off the road. But the car didn't run anyhow, so the grandpa phoned for a taxi which took him to his house.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

26. The best title for the passage is:

- a- Hot coffee
- b- A snowstorm
- c- Icy roads
- d- Canada

27. The pronoun "**it**" in line 4 refers to:

- a- the snowstorm
- b- the car
- c- the truck
- d- the road

28. The word "gloves" in line 3 means:

- a- a piece of clothing which is worn on the hand
- b- a piece of clothing which is worn on the head
- c- a piece of clothing which is worn on the arms
- d- the mountains

B. Mark (✓) next to the right sentence and (X) next to the wrong one:

29. Sara's Grandpa lives in Kuwait. ()
30. People can't go skiing in winter in Canada. ()
31. A big truck came and got the snow off the road. ()

C. Read and answer the following:

32. What's the weather like in Canada in winter?

33. Why isn't driving safe in winter?

GLOSSARY

*skiing= the sport of moving down hills, across land in the snow, or on water

III. SPELLING

A. Fill in the missing letters:

34. The **h _ sb _ nd** went sailing, but the sea was **r _ _ gh**.
35. My friend sent me a **fa _ tast _ c** **p _ st c _ rd** yesterday.
36. **Dro _ gh _** kills a lot of people. We're **w _ rr _ ed** about this problem.

B. Write the long / short form of the following:

37. AC = -----
38. haven't = -----
39. won't = -----
40. Compact Disc = -----
41. television = -----

C. Combine the following:

42. fortunate + ly = -----
43. worry + ed = -----
44. hot + er = -----
45. use + ed = -----
46. sun + y = -----
47. energy + s = -----

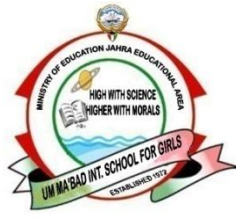
IV. HANDWRITING & PUNCTUATION

A. Copy the following in good cursive handwriting:

48. One is never too old to learn.
-

B. Punctuate the following sentence:

49. they don t go to london on holidays
-



Grade Six, the 3rd Period Spelling Sheet

كلمات الإملاء لاختبار الفترة الدراسية الثالثة للصف السادس

No	Word	No	Word
1	used to	14	south pole
2	huge	15	light bulb
3	rough	16	drought
4	fantastic	17	energy
5	worried	18	plastic
6	already	19	husband
7	yet	20	chemicals
8	fortunately	21	haven't = have not
9	model	22	won't = will not
10	furniture	23	TV = Television
11	fortnight	24	AC = Air-conditioning
12	helipad	25	CD = Compact Disc
13	postcard		

Grade Six, the 3rd Period Definition Sheet

كلمات التعريفات لاختبار الفترة الدراسية الثالثة للصف السادس

No	Word	Definition
1	used to	did in the past, but not anymore
2	huge	very, very big
3	fantastic	very good, great
4	already	used to show that something has happened before now
5	fortunately	used to show that something good has happened
6	background	the area at the back of a picture, behind the main things in it
7	foreground	the area at the front of a picture
8	million	one thousand thousand – a huge number
9	bacteria	very small living things which can make people ill
10	flood	a lot of water that covers an area that was dry before
11	north pole	the place on the Earth that is farthest north
12	model	a small copy of something, like a building
13	furniture	things you put in a room for living, e.g. bed, chairs, etc.
14	helipad	a flat area where a helicopter can land
15	fortnight	two weeks

الفترة الدراسية الرابعة

Test Papers

صفحات الاختبار لهذه الفترة الدراسية

Student Book كتاب الطالب	Workbook كتاب التدريبات
2 → 27	2 → 27

القواعد والوظائف اللغوية الخاصة بهذه الفترة الدراسية

Grammar		Language Functions	
- sequencing - revision of past tenses - prefer - like - enjoy + gerund - punctuation for direct speech - linking words together - past tenses - if and should - connectors	- adjectives - past continuous - First conditional If you, you will.. - superlative with most - linking words - past tenses (R) - adjectives -past simple, affirmative and interrogative (R)	- narrating-reporting on a sequence of past events -experiences - stating preferences - predicting events - asking for and giving information - quoting - clarifying and defending a position - scanning to find information - summarizing	- recounting experiences and events - congratulating and complementing - making suggestions - giving advice - predicting - evaluating - describing a place - recounting experience - events - interest and approval - agreeing and disagreeing

Important Instructions

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تعليمات هامة

عزيزتي الطالبة:

هذه المراجعة صممت خصيصاً لتدريبك على طريقة الاختبار و لكن ليس من الضرورة أن يأتي منها الاختبار.

يجب أن يكون موضوع التعبير غير مرئي ويُمنع مطالبة المعلمة بتحديد بعض الموضوعات قبل الاختبار.

أثناء الاختبار، يُمنع على المعلمة قراءة كل فقرات الاختبار ولكن تقوم بتوضيح المطلوب من السؤال فقط

لا تطلبي من معلمتك أثناء الاختبار ترجمة كلمة باللغة الإنجليزية سبق أن درستها

في هذه الفترة سيكون مجموع الأعمال الشفهية 10 درجة وسيكون مجموع الاختبار 50 درجة

New Vocabulary

UNIT 10

accident	حادث	nurse	ممرضة
actor	ممثل	plaster	لاصق - جبيرة
broken	مكسور - معطل	laugh	يضحك
cartoon	رسوم متحركة	programme	برنامج
daughter	ابنة	receptionist	موظف استقبال
enjoy	يستمتع	x-ray	يفحص بالأشعة
episode	حلقة		

UNIT 11

award	جائزة	scream	يصرخ
decide	يقرر	shore	ساحل - شاطئ
drown	يغرق	someone	شخص ما
newspaper	صحيفة	trouble	مشكلة - اضطراب
practise	يمارس	try	يحاول
problem	مشكلة	while	بينما
reach	يصل		

UNIT 12

advert	إعلان تجاري	however	على أي حال
amusement park	منتزه ترفيهي	hundred	مائة
angry	غاضب	suggest	يقترح
aquarium	حوض بحري	teenager	مراهق
businessman	رجل أعمال	thousand	ألف
feeding	يطعم	wife	زوجة
forty	أربعون		

PAPER ONE

I. VOCABULARY

A. From a, b, c and d choose the right answer:

- Who can help me in putting a ----- on my hand?
a- programme b- plaster c- daughter d- cartoon
- It is bad to ----- at your friends' mistakes.
a- try b- x-ray c- laugh d- suggest
- Did you see the new ----- of "Al Darb" programme?
a- aquarium b- accident c- shore d- episode
- I haven't ----- to travel this summer holiday yet.
a- reached b- broken c- decided d- enjoyed
- Fahd called the police because he heard a ----- in the next house.
a- advert b- award c- husband d- scream

B. Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(actor – broken – nurse – plaster – x-rayed)

- My favourite ----- is Dawood Hussein.
- A: My leg was ----- when I fell down the tree.
- The doctor ----- my broken arm.
- I'd like to be a/an ----- . I like helping sick people.

B. Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(paradise – award – problem – scream – someone)

- I have got a/an ----- because I got top marks in my exams.
- We heard a ----- while we were playing.
- What's the ----- with Ahmed? He likes very sad.
- is under the feet of mothers.

B. Fill in the spaces with the suitable words from the list:

(forty – aquarium – angry – businessman – feeding – suggest)

- My father was ----- when I broke his sunglasses.
- fish in the park is not allowed.
- My mother is about ----- years old.
- I can see beautiful kinds of fish at the -----.
- My father is a ----- . He has a big company.

C. Match the words under –A- with their definitions under –B-:

-A-

-B-

- actor () a prize given to a person who has been brave or won a sport
- angry () a person who is in films and in stories on television
- award () something that is in pieces or doesn't work anymore
- broken () a parent's girl child
- cartoon () a television programme ,often for children, made from drawings
() very cross

C. Match the words under –A- with their definitions under –B-:

- | -A- | -B- |
|-------------|---|
| 24. decide | () choose what to do |
| 25. enjoy | () giving food to |
| 26. feeding | () feel happy from doing something |
| 27. nurse | () a hard cover put on a broken arm or leg to help it get better |
| 28. plaster | () the land that joins the sea |
| | () a person who has learnt to look after people who are ill |

C. Match the words under –A- with their definitions under –B-:

- | -A- | -B- |
|--------------|---|
| 29. shore | () link two things |
| 30. suggest | () at the same time that something is happening |
| 31. teenager | () have a go at something which you don't know you can do |
| 32. try | () a person between the ages of thirteen and nineteen |
| 33. while | () give an idea or plan to someone for them to think about |
| | () the land, where it joins the sea |

II. GRAMMAR

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

34. Ali ----- an accident last week.
a- has b- have c- had d- does
35. I like ----- hot pizza.
a- eat b- eats c- ate d- eating
36. We enjoy ----- football in the green park.
a- play b- played c- playing d- plays
37. Maha likes ----- cartoons.
a- watching b- watch c- watched d- watches
38. ----- did the accident happen? Last Monday?
a- When b- Where c- Who d- Which
39. While I -----, I heard a scream.
a- study b- studied c- studying d- was studying
40. Huda fell down while she ----- a tree.
a- climb b- climbing c- was climbing d- climbed
41. If you visit the Scientific Center, you ----- see the aquarium.
a- will b- would c- have d- had
42. If you ----- in time, you will catch the plane.
a- go b- went c- gone d- will go
43. Nada was fast, ----- she didn't win.
a- although b- however c- and d- so
44. Our school ----- in 1972.
a- open b- is opened c- was opened d- opened

B. Do as shown between brackets:

45. My father bought a new car. (Ask a question)

46. Aisha prefers (watch) ----- TV for long hours. (Correct the verb)

47. I was very ill. I didn't come to the club. (Join the two sentences)

48. Hamad drowned. He couldn't swim. (Join the two sentences)

49. My father came in. I was watching TV. (Join using: while)

50. If you work hard, you (win) ----- the prize. (Correct the verb)

51. Our school is very big, -----? (Tag question)

III. LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

A. Match the utterances under -A- with their reactions under -B-:

- | -A- | -B- |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 52. Laila was hurt. | () Never mind. |
| 53. I'm sorry for being late. | () We went there by plane. |
| 54. This present is for you. | () She had an accident. |
| 55. My homework is very difficult. | () Thank you. |
| | () Let me help you. |

A. Match the utterances under -A- with their reactions under -B-:

- | -A- | -B- |
|---|----------------------------|
| 56. Let's visit the museum. | () It was ok. |
| 57. You came late. | () It's a good idea. |
| 58. This cake is very delicious. | () I'm sorry. |
| 59. The Scientific Center is fantastic. | () I baked it myself. |
| | () It has a big aquarium. |

B. Write what you would say in these situations:

60. Your friend had an accident.

61. Some one likes watching TV for a long time.

62. Your mother always helps you with your home works.

63. Someone is drowning.

64. You saw a lost child in the street.

IV. SET BOOK

Answer these questions:

65. What are the causes of car accidents?

66. What does a nurse do?

67. What does a receptionist do?

68. What's your favourite TV programme?

69. Why does a doctor put a plaster on broken legs?

70. What should you do when you see an accident?

71. When do people get awards?

72. How do you feel when you get an award?

73. What do you do if you see someone drowning?

74. Name two interesting places in Kuwait?

75. What can you see at the Scientific Center?

76. What can you do at the Entertainment City?

77. What can you see in Failaka Island?

I. COMPOSITION

Describe the following picture:



The following guide words may help you .

(sitting room – mother – sit – sofa – two girls and a boy – cards – dog – books – TV –plant – aquarium)

In the sitting room

II. READING COMPREHENSION

***Read the following letter then answer the questions below:**

Dear Tom,

Thank you for your last e-mail. Our school **started** two months ago. We learnt a lot of new subjects but my favourites are English and Maths. As you know; Bahrain is a small island* so I usually go diving with my father and my uncle Hassan. At the weekends, we usually visit our grandparents. Also, **I** sometimes go to the sports club to play tennis and football. Write to me about the weather in New Zealand.

Best wishes,
Hamad

A. Choose the right answer from a, b, c and d:

- The best title for the letter is:
a- Bahrain weather b- Weekends c- New subjects d- a small island
- The pronoun **I** in line 4 refers to:
a- Tom b- Hamad c- Uncle Hassan d- Bahrain
- The word "**started**" in line 1 means:
a- played b- learned c- began d- wrote

B. Tick (✓) next to the true sentences (X) next to the false ones:

- It was Tom who wrote this letter. ()
- Hamad's favourite subjects are English and Maths. ()
- Hamad goes diving with his friends. ()

C. Answer these questions:

7. Where is Hamad from?
-

8. When did Hamad's school start?
-

GLOSSARY

*island= a piece of land completely surrounded by water

II. READING COMPREHENSION

***Read the following passage then answer the questions below:**

Last weekend Fahd visited his uncle and his aunt. Fahd lives in Jahra, but his uncle and aunt live in Doha. Fahd and his cousins went swimming in the sea as **they** live near the sea. They also played tennis on the beach. It was great fun. Ahmad and Yousof are Fahd's cousins; **they** are all in grade six. Next weekend Fahd's cousins are going to visit him in Jahra. They are going to go to Jahra club where they can play many games. In the evening, they are going shopping in the **modern** malls in Jahra. In addition, they are going to revise and study their lessons together. They can help each other in studying their different subjects. Fahd is good at English and Maths. Yousof is good at Science and Ahmad is very good at Geography and Arabic.

A. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

9. The best title for the passage is:

- a- Doha beach
- b- Nice cousins
- c- Shopping
- d- Games

10. The pronoun "**they**" in line 2 means:

- a- uncle and aunt
- b- Fahd and his cousins
- c- Fahd and Yousof
- d- cousins

11. The word "**modern**" in line 6 means:

- a- old
- b- new
- c- great
- d-good

B. Mark (✓) next to the right sentence and (X) next to the wrong one:

12. Fahd lives in Jahra. ()
13. Next weekend they are going swimming in the sea. ()

C. Answer these questions:

14. When did Fahd visit his uncle and aunt?

15. What grade are the boys in?

GLOSSARY

*cousin= the child of your uncle or aunt

III. SPELLING

A. Fill in the missing letters:

16. The **acc _ d _ nt** happens because the driver was reading the **_ dv _ rt** .
17. I like to read the **ne - sp - per** with my **w _ f _** .
18. **Wh _ l _** we were watching the TV, we heard a loud **scr _ _ m** .

B. Write the short/long form of the following:

- | | | | |
|----------------|--------|--------------|--------|
| 19. AC | =----- | 24. will not | =----- |
| 20. CD | =----- | 25. couldn't | =----- |
| 21. have not | =----- | 26. Dr. | =----- |
| 22. television | =----- | 27. Fri. | =----- |
| 23. he's | =----- | 28. km. | =----- |

C. Combine the following:

- | | | | |
|-------------------|--------|--------------|--------|
| 29. decide + ed | =----- | 31. try + ed | =----- |
| 30. practise + ed | =----- | 32. wife + s | =----- |

IV. HANDWRITING & PUNCTUATION

A. Copy the following in good cursive handwriting:

33. Birds of feather flock together.
-

B. Punctuate the following sentences:

34. "my name is ali" said the boy
-

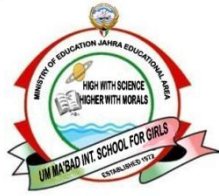
35. nadia and dana went shopping with their mum
-



Grade Six, the 4th Period Spelling Sheet

كلمات الإملاء لاختبار الفترة الدراسية الخامسة للصف السادس

No	Word	No	Word		
1	used to	26	enjoy		
2	huge	27	laugh		
3	rough	28	decide		
4	fantastic	29	reach		
5	worried	30	drown		
6	already	31	practice		
7	yet	32	try		
8	fortunately	33	suggest		
9	model	34	broken		
10	furniture	35	angry		
11	fortnight	36	someone		
12	helipad	37	while		
13	postcard	38	however		
14	south pole	39	newspaper		
15	light bulb	40	advert		
16	drought	41	wife		
17	energy	42	amusement park		
18	plastic	43	scream		
19	husband	44	thousand		
20	chemicals	45	accident		
21	haven't	= have not	46	Dr.	= doctor
22	won't	= will not	47	he's	= he has
23	TV	= television	48	couldn't	= could not
24	AC	= air-conditioning	49	Km.	= Kilometre
25	CD	= Compact Disc	50	Fri.	= Friday



Grade Six, the 4th Period Definition Sheet

كلمات التعريف لاختبار الفترة الدراسية الرابعة للصف السادس

No	Word	Definition
1	used to	did in the past, but not anymore
2	huge	very, very big
3	fantastic	very good, great
4	already	used to show that something has happened before now
5	fortunately	used to show that something good has happened
6	background	the area at the back of a picture, behind the main things in it
7	foreground	the area at the front of a picture
8	million	one thousand thousand – a huge number
9	bacteria	very small living things which can make people ill
10	flood	a lot of water that covers an area that was dry before
11	north pole	the place on the Earth that is farthest north
12	model	a small copy of something, like a building
13	furniture	things you put in a room for living, e.g. bed, chairs, etc.
14	helipad	a flat area where a helicopter can land
15	fortnight	two weeks
16	enjoy	feel happy from doing something
17	try	have a go at something which you don't know you can do
18	decide	choose what to do
19	suggest	give an idea or plan to someone for them to think about
20	broken	something that is in pieces or doesn't work anymore
21	angry	very cross
22	while	at the same time that something is happening
23	plaster	a hard cover put on a broken arm or leg to help it get better
24	teenager	a person between the ages of thirteen and nineteen
25	nurse	a person who has learnt to look after people who are ill
26	actor	a person who is in films and in stories on television
27	cartoon	a television programme ,often for children, made from drawings
28	shore	the land, where it joins the sea
29	award	a prize given to a person who has been brave or won a sport
30	feeding	giving food to